1 2 3 4 5 6	HILARY POTASHNER (No. 167060) Federal Public Defender JOSEPH A. TRIGILIO (No. 245373) (E-mail: Joseph Trigilio@fd.org) SUSEL B. CARRILLO-ORELLANA (E-mail: Susel Carrillo-Orellana@fd. Deputy Federal Public Defenders 321 East 2nd Street Los Angeles, California 90012-4202 Telephone: (213) 894-2854 Facsimile: (213) 894-7566  Attorneys for Petitioner	(No. 229874)				
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9	SUPERIOR COURT O	F THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
10	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES					
11	TOR THE COUNTY OF EOS AIVGEEES					
12	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF	[DEATH PENALTY CASE]				
13	CALIFORNIA,	Los Angeles Superior Court Case No.				
14	Plaintiff/Respondent,	BA090702 [Related to California Supreme Court Case No. S155942]				
15	v.	Notice of Motion and Second Supplemental				
16	HOOMAN ASHKAN PANAH	Motion for Post-conviction Discovery Pursuant to Penal Code Section 1054.9; Exhibits; [Proposed] Order				
17	Defendant/Petitioner.	Dept: 100				
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Defendant/Petitioner Hooman Ashkan Panah moves, by and through his counsel of record for post-conviction discovery of certain evidence. This motion is made pursuant to Penal Code section 1054.9, and is based upon the facts and grounds set forth in this Motion, the accompanying memorandum of points and authorities, the supporting declarations of counsel and other exhibits, documents on file with the Court in the above-captioned matter, and any other evidence or testimony this Court deems relevant.

Petitioner Panah remains open to informal resolution of the requests made in the motion. As explained in the memorandum of points and authorities below, however, Panah has been unsuccessful in obtaining the materials informally.

Respectfully submitted,

HILARY POTASHNER Federal Public Defender

DATED: January 12, 2018

By:

JOSEPHA. TRIGILIO SUSEL CARRILLO-ORELLANA Deputy Federal Public Defenders

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#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Hooman Ashkan Panah ("Petitioner" or "Mr. Panah") hereby moves for post-conviction discovery pursuant to California Penal Code § 1054.9. Under § 1054.9, he is entitled to all discovery materials to which he would have been entitled at the time of his trial. *In re Steele*, 32 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 682, 694-98 (2004).

#### II. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Mr. Panah was convicted and sentenced to death on January 23, 1995. Due to trial counsel admitting to losing most of the trial file associated with the case, Mr. Panah's prior appellate and habeas attorney, Robert Bryan, made numerous attempts to recover the missing files and to obtain post-conviction discovery. While some of these efforts resulted in obtaining previously missing materials, prior counsel was unable to recover everything which he believed was missing. Eventually, Mr. Bryan obtained a stipulation for post-conviction discovery with the Los Angeles District Attorney's Office ("DA") signed by the Superior Court. (Ex. 1, Supp. Mtn for Discovery at 15.) When signing the Stipulation, Judge Kriegler stated that "[i]n the event the parties disagree as to any aspects of discovery, Defendant will file a supplemental motion and a hearing will be held thereon." (*Id.*)

After the Federal Public Defender ("FPD") took over as Mr. Panah's habeas counsel for his federal proceedings, it renewed the efforts to obtain the missing discovery informally. When these failed, per Judge Kriegler's order, federal habeas counsel filed a Supplemental Motion to Enforce the 2004 Stipulation but withdrew it on August 20, 2009 after obtaining declarations from the DA, detective-in-charge from the Los Angeles Police Department and the Supervising Criminalist for Serology and DNA from the Los Angeles Police Department's scientific lab representing that all materials had either been made available or no longer existed. (See Ex. 1; Ex. 2, Mtn. to Withdraw.)

Following the recent amendment of Penal Code § 1473, Panah is preparing to file a petition for writ of habeas corpus in the California Supreme Court. As part of the FPD's efforts to obtain reasonably-available evidence supporting the allegations in the pending claims, the FPD seeks materials that are in the actual or constructive possession of the DA's Office. This includes materials that may be in the possession of, for example, the Los Angeles Police Department or the Los Angeles Police Department's Forensic Science Division. The FPD has reason to believe that despite the representations made in 2009, additional evidence concerning Mr. Panah's case exists, is in the DA's possession, and must be discovered to Mr. Panah pursuant to Penal Code § 1054.9.

#### III. ARGUMENT

## A. Law regarding Post-conviction Discovery

California Penal Code § 1054.9(a) states in relevant part:

Upon the prosecution of a postconviction writ of habeas corpus or a motion to vacate a judgment in a case in which a sentence of death or life in prison without the possibility of parole has been imposed, and on a showing that good faith efforts to obtain discovery materials from trial counsel were made and were unsuccessful, the court shall, except as provided in subdivision (c), order that the defendant be provided reasonable access to any of the materials described in subdivision (b).

Subdivision (b) describes discovery materials as "materials in the possession of the prosecution and law enforcement authorities to which the same defendant would have been entitled at time of trial." (Pen. Code § 1054.9(b).)

The aim of section 1054.9 is to place the Mr. Panah in the position he would have been pre-trial, had he received all relevant discovery materials, and had he requested all relevant discovery materials to which he would have been entitled. Thus, as explained in *Steele*, discovery required to be disclosed by section 1054.9 includes materials that: "(1) the prosecution did provide at time of trial but have since become lost to defendant; (2) the prosecution should have provided at time of trial because they came within the scope of a discovery order the trial court actually issued at that time, a

statutory duty to provide discovery, or the constitutional duty to disclose exculpatory evidence; (3) the prosecution should have provided at time of trial because the defense specifically requested them at that time and was entitled to receive them; or (4) the prosecution had no obligation to provide at time of trial absent a specific defense request, but to which the defendant would have been entitled at time of trial had the defendant specifically requested them." (*Steele, supra*, 32 Cal. 4th at p. 697)

As the second *Steele* category makes clear, a capital defendant is entitled to certain pre-trial discovery regardless of whether any request is made for it. For example, the prosecution has an independent, self-executing duty under the Constitution of the United States to disclose discovery materials under *Brady v. Maryland* (1963) 373 U.S. 83, 87. (*See People v. Gonzalez* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 1179, 1260-61 [stating that the Court assumes that *Brady* material will be disclosed even after the conclusion of trial].) *Brady* and its progeny require the prosecution to disclose any and all potentially exculpatory evidence related to guilt or penalty, including but not limited to all information that could be used to impeach the prosecution's witness.

The State's duty to disclose discovery materials in its possession is not limited to documents and materials actually possessed by the District Attorney's office. Subsection 1054.9, subdivision (b), requires discovery of any relevant materials "in the possession of the prosecution and law enforcement authorities," and this duty extends to any and all law enforcement authorities who were "involved in the investigation or prosecution" of Mr. Panah's case. (*Steele, supra*, 32 Cal. 4th at p. 697.) This obligation extends to all law enforcement agencies, correctional facilities, medical entities, and any other actor or entity involved in Mr. Panah's arrest and detention, the investigation and prosecution of Mr. Panah's case, and his sentencing. (*See, e.g. Kyles v. Whitley* (1995) 514 U.S. 419, 437 [prosecution must take steps to learn of and disclose favorable evidence known to others acting on the government's behalf, including police].) Thus, federal constitutional law and section 1054.9 entitle Mr.

Panah to a court order mandating access to "discovery materials" from all involved state entities and actors.

#### B. Materials Sought via Post-conviction discovery

The specific discovery materials to which Mr. Panah now seeks access are listed below and in the Proposed Order submitted with this Motion. Some of the requested materials were specified in the prior stipulation. These materials should be in the possession of the prosecution and law enforcement authorities, and constitute materials that the prosecutor should have provided at the time of trial, with or without a specific request from defendant, material that the prosecutor would have been required to disclose had trial counsel made the request, or material that the prosecutor may have provided but have since become lost and is unavailable to current habeas counsel. (Steele, supra, 32 Cal.4th at p. 688.)

Additionally, Mr. Panah, where possible, also outlines exactly why he maintains the documents exist despite the prior representations of the prosecution and law enforcement.

- All records and notes concerning DNA, serology, and other scientific testing performed by the Los Angeles Police Department.
  - a. Records prepared by and concerning work conducted by criminalist Colin Yamauchi

Panah possesses LAPD analyzed evidence reports by criminalist Colin Yamauchi concerning DNA DQ-Alpha testing of key items in Mr. Panah's case including a tissue, bedsheet, and blue robe found in Mr. Panah's room. (Ex. 3, Analyzed Evid. Rpts.) These reports are only 2-3 pages in length and merely set forth the piecemeal results of the testing. Mr. Panah does not possess any of Yamauchi's underlying lab notes or memoranda concerning his testing. Nor has Mr. Panah been provided a finalized report summarizing Yamauchi's conclusions regarding the DNA evidence, or his analysis of

how his DNA testing impacted the other serological analysis that was conducted by the LAPD.

In addition, Mr. Panah was provided a fax cover sheet from the crime lab to DDA Berman dated November 17, 1994 indicating it was 1 of 3 pages. (Ex. 17, Nov. 17, 1994 Fax). The cover sheet requests that DDA Berman call the crime lab after reviewing the attached records with criminalist Moore. (*Id.* at 1.) The records attached to the fax consist of Moore's analyzed evidence report which, while dated July 12, 1994, states that Moore was provided several items of evidence on October 11, 1994 on which he conducted serology testing and goes on to describe the results of that testing. Yamauchi is identified as the supervisor approving the report. (*Id.* at 2.) This report, therefore, indicates that Yamauchi was aware of Moore's serology testing and conclusions, which contradict Yamauchi's DNA testing. However, Mr. Panah was not provided with and herein requests any documents detailing the substance of the conversation between DDA Berman and Yamauchi re the serology testing or any records discussing any comparisons or inconsistencies between the DNA testing conducted by Yamauchi and the serology testing conducted by Moore.

Mr. Panah has a good-faith basis to believe that the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office has constructive possession of Yamauchi's raw data, notes, or analyses. On June 21, 2017, Mr. Yamauchi told counsel for Mr. Panah in a telephone conversation that he may have records in "archives" or some other location within the LAPD forensic laboratory. (Ex. 4, J. Trigilio Decl., ¶ 4). On July 11, 2017, Yamauchi informed counsel that any further communications or requests must go through Deputy City Attorney Carlos De La Guerra. (*Id.*, ¶ 6.) As explained in Section C below, counsel for Mr. Panah were unsuccessful in obtaining the requested materials with the assistance of Mr. De La Guerra.

## b. Records provided to Lisa Kahn

Mr. Panah has been provided a memorandum from DDA Lisa Kahn to Peter Berman dated June 5, 2000. (Ex. 5, L. Kahn Memo.) In the memorandum, Lisa Kahn

discusses that she was provided with serological reports that she has attached to her memorandum and requests that she be provided "a complete set of laboratory notes, including all reports and a property report summarizing the evidence recovered." Mr. Panah requests a complete set of all the records that were provided to DDA Kahn as well as any additional memoranda or records detailing her involvement and investigation into the DNA in Mr. Panah's case including records detailing the reason for DDA Kahn's involvement and final outcome of the investigation. This request includes a request for electronic records in the possession the Los Angeles County District Attorney's office.

Although the memo from DDA Kahn post-dates his trial, the underlying records that she was provided and reviewed do not. Moreover, the prosecution has an ongoing duty to provide Mr. Panah with any favorable evidence, including any post-trial findings by DDA Kahn and the prosecution regarding the DNA and serology testing under *Brady v. Maryland*, 373 U.S. 83 (1963).

#### c. Other LAPD Scientific Division Records

On October 17, 1994, the prosecution represented to the trial court that all scientific evidence had been turned over but that he had asked the "crime lab to retest different items" and that he expected to have the results by the end of the week. (RT 517.) The prosecutor later clarified that the discovery he had turned over consisted of DQ Alpha results. (RT 518.) Despite the prosecution's assertion that he had ordered additional DNA testing, Mr. Panah has not been provided any DNA results that post-date the October 17, 1994 court appearance or any signed "acknowledgement of discovery" forms showing that trial counsel was provided any DNA discovery after that date. Mr. Panah requests both copies of the later DNA testing and any acknowledgment of discovery forms demonstrating that the later DNA testing was provided to trial counsel.

Mr. Panah also requests any scientific testing conducted on fingernail scrapings and clippings taken from the victim as referenced in a December 9, 1993 LAPD

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property report (Ex. 1 at 35,) and any reports or testing concerning fingerprints taken from the crime scene by latent print tech Ames on November 21<sup>st</sup> or 22<sup>nd</sup> 1993. (Ex. 14, Crime Scene Investigation Checklist at 1.)

In addition, in post-conviction discovery Mr. Panah was provided an envelope postmarked January 3, 1995 from the scientific division to DDA Peter Berman but not provided the corresponding documents or letter. (Ex. 6, Berman Env.) Mr. Panah requests the corresponding documents.

#### 2. Witness Relocation Records for Rauni Campbell

Mr. Panah previously requested documents or information regarding Rauni Campbell's placement in a witness relocation program. In 2009, Detective Price stated that he had no independent recollection of Campbell's placement in witness relocation. (Ex. 2 at 29.) However, Mr. Panah is in possession of a document showing that Rauni Campbell was in Arizona at the time of the trial and that the DA's office sought funding for her travel expenses. (Ex. 7, Req. for Witness Transport. Fees.) Postconviction counsel also attempted to obtain witness protection records directly from the California Witness Relocation and Assistance Program. However, they would not provide these records to post-conviction counsel without a court order. (Ex. 12, J. Hammond Dec.) Accordingly. Mr. Panah requests all witness relocation records concerning Rauni Campbell, as well as any reward money or other benefits or rewards offered to her by the Los Angeles County District Attorney's office, law enforcement, the Parker or Bridges' families, or any other government agency involved in the prosecution of this case. This request includes a request for all electronic records in the possession the Los Angeles County District Attorney's office on this matter. This request was contained in Request #17 of the Stipulation.

## 3. Records of Trial Discovery Provided to the Defense

Through post-conviction discovery Mr. Panah was provided access to the murder book by Detective Joel Price of the LAPD. Detective Price signed a declaration stating

that a numbered copy of the murder book does not exist in the LAPD's records. (Ex. 2 at 29.)

However, when trial counsel signed acknowledgements that was provided discovery by the DA, the discovery turned over was often only referred to by a range of page numbers, rather than a description. (Ex. 8, Ack. Of Discovery.) Accordingly, Mr. Panah requests a copy of the prosecution's sequentially numbered murder book and/or the prosecution's discovery log specifying what discovery was turned over and when, including any page numbers corresponding with the defense signed acknowledgments of discovery.

#### 4. Law Enforcement Records

# Reports from officers involved in search of apartment complex

Mr. Panah was provided numerous records that referenced searches of his apartment by numerous officers.

On November 20, 1993 Sergeant Patton conducted a search of Panah's apartment at 4:30 pm with Officers Barnes, Calderon and Kome. (Ex. 15, Nov. 20-21, 1993 Chron at 2.)

Detective Severns and Officer Swans both interviewed Mehri Monfared and Ahmed Seihoon inside Panah's apartment. (*Id.* at 2-3.)

On November 21, 1993, a LAPD Watch Command Daily report by Watch Commander Maestro references that Officers Navarro, Burris, and Peloquin were ordered to missing person command post according to Lieutenant Rock to search for Parker. (Ex. 9, Watch Commander Rpt. at 2.) It also references that Maestro forced entry into Mr. Panah's apartment with a Lieutenant Hulet and Officer Mosset. (*Id.* at 3.) Lietenant Rock and Detective Steinbacher also participated in the searches. Lt. Rock reported his searches to Chief Pomeroy. (*Id.*)

Officers Burris and Navarro also forcibly entered Panah's apartment to conduct a search. (Ex. 15 at 3.) Officers Swanston, Peloquin, Power, and Price conducted a

 different search of Panah's apartment. (*Id.*) Officers Mossett and Toth conducted additional searches. (Ex. 16, Crime Scene Log at 1.)

Despite references to these searches by various officers, Mr. Panah was not provided with any reports or notes, except for reports by Sergeant Patton and Officer Barnes. Mr. Panah requests copies of any reports or notes from the other aforementioned officers regarding their involvement in the search of the apartment complex and/or involvement in the case. Mr. Panah has never been provided with any reports written by the aforementioned officers, despite the fact that LAPD policy at the time described Form 3.16 as a form to be used "when reporting a follow-up to a missing/found persons investigation." (Ex. 10, 1994-95 LAPD Manual Excpt.) Any reports from these officers are favorable to Panah because they indicate that a thorough search by over a dozen officers of Panah's apartment failed to locate the Nicole Parker's body, refuting the prosecution's theory by indicating that the body may not have been present in Panah's apartment at the time of their search.

#### b. K-9 Dog Handler Reports

A November 20, 1993 crime scene log references numerous searches for Nicole Parker conducted using K-9 dogs. (Ex. 16, Crime Scene Log.) Mr. Panah requests copies of the reports and notes of various officers and volunteers who conducted searches. Specifically, Mr. Panah requests the following records for officers who conducted searches on Sunday, November 21, 1993:

- 1. Reports of Officer Shaw and Officer Shannon who were on a footbeat with K-9s at the gate at 7:50 am.
- Reports of L.A.S.O. Officers Morton and Campbell who arrived at 2:15 pm Sunday and assigned to rescue in Malibu mountain, Topanga, and Mulholland areas.
- 3. Report of L.A.S.O. volunteer Cleveland who arrived at 2:15pm and conducted a K-9 area search at 4201 Topanga.

- 4. Report of L.A.S.O. Sergeant B. Thompson who arrived at 2:20pm and supervised the search of 4201 Topanga.
- 5. Report of L.A.S.O. volunteer Newcomb who arrived at 2:35pm and conducted a K-9 area search.
- Report of L.A.S.O. Officer Dallura who arrived at 3pm and conducted a K-9 area search.
- Report of L.A.S.O. volunteer Lawrence who also arrived at 3pm and conducted a K-9 area search.
- 8. Report of L.A.S.O. Officer Ambrose who also conducted a K-9 area search.
- 9. Report of L.A.P.D. Metro Officer Ryan who arrived at 4:10 pm and conducted a K-9 foot search of apartment and gate.

Panah has not been provided with any reports or documentation indicating whether the K-9 dog searches found any relevant evidence. While the District Attorney purports to have provided Mr. Panah what is in *its* actual file, it is not clear whether the files in the possession of the Sheriff's department or police department—and, thus, in the *constructive* possession of the District Attorney for purposes of § 10549—were searched and disclosed. Any reports of the K-9 dog searches are exculpatory because, again, if the dogs did not uncover any evidenced of the victim in Panah's apartment at the time they searched it, the only reasonable inference is that Nicole Parker's body was not in the apartment at the time of the search, contradicting the prosecution's theory.

#### 5. Unedited copy of Surveillance tapes

Mr. Panah requests the full and unedited copy of surveillance tapes taken from the gate camera of 20565 Ventura Blvd. in the course of Nicole Parker's murder investigation. Counsel for Panah does have possession of an edited and incomplete copy of this surveillance tape; Mr. Panah now seeks the entire tape. On October 21, 2004, prior state counsel met with the DA who said he would have comparisons made

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of the tapes. To post-conviction counsel's knowledge this was never done. In 2009, Detective Price stated that he believed all surveillance tapes were in the possession of the DA and not LAPD. (Ex. 2 at 29.) This request was contained in Request #1 of the Stipulation.

#### 6. Officer Bayarti Investigation and Audiotape

On October 23, 1997, trial counsel was provided several memos regarding a pretrial taped interrogation of Mr. Panah by Officer Jamila Bayati and intercession by Deputy Gary Gerlach of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. (Ex. 11, Bayati Corr.) However, Mr. Panah has never been provided with the internal investigation records concerning this incident or a copy of the tape-recorded interrogation. Mr. Panah requests a copy of the internal investigation records and the tape recorded interrogation.

# C. Petitioner made good-faith efforts to obtain the materials above from trial counsel and the DA's Office.

Counsel for Panah has made prior good-faith attempts to obtain all materials from trial counsel prior to seeking court intervention. Prior state habeas state habeas counsel, who inherited the trial file, turned over all the materials to the FPD following the FPD's 2006 appointment to the case. (Ex. 4, J. Trigilio Decl., ¶ 3.) Indeed, the FPD's possession of certain materials—many of which appear incomplete—are what indicate to Panah that the DA is in possession of the materials requested above.

Mr. Panah's counsel attempted to obtain this discovery informally by reaching out to Mr. Yamauchi and DDA Kahn directly. On June 20, 2017, Mr. Yamauchi informed counsel that his lab notes would be on the crime lab server or in the "archives." (Ex. 4, J. Trigilio Decl., ¶ 4.) On July 7, 2017, Mr. Yamauchi e-mailed counsel directing counsel to e-mail any requests for discovery. (*Id.* at ¶ 5.) On July 11, 2017, Yamauchi responded that he had been instructed to direct counsel to contact City Attorney Carlos De La Guerra regarding the discovery requests. (*Id.*) On July 14, 2017, counsel delivered to Yamauchi and Deputy City Attorney De La Guerra written

requests, and requested that Yamauchi deliver the request to the LAPD laboratory director. (*Id.* at ¶ 7.) On July 25 and August 7, 2017, counsel followed-up on the written requests but received no response. (*Id.*) Counsel's e-mail to Yamauchi was not delivered because the e-mail address no longer appeared valid. (*Id.*)

On August 21, 2017, counsel spoke with De La Guerra, who instructed counsel to await De La Guerra's delivery of a contact person at the LAPD property division to handle Mr. Panah's discovery requests. (*Id.* at ¶ 8.) After receiving no contact information from De La Guerra, counsel called the property division on September 6, 2017, and were told that they will not release any materials to non-LAPD personnel. (*Id.*) Counsel notified De La Guerra, and on September 21, 2007, De La Guerra informed counsel to contact "Officer Brooks" and provide the discovery requests to that person. (*Id.* at ¶ 9.) Counsel requested Yamauchi's materials from Brooks on the same day, but Brooks informed counsel that the "property division is not responsible for nor has any control over notes and laboratory reports prepared by personnel at the forensic science division." (*Id.*)

Similarly, Lisa Kahn informed counsel that she was not in possession of any of her files. Counsel spoke directly with DDA Kahn during the week of June 28, 2017, and e-mailed to Kahn the memorandum she prepared in the hopes of speaking with her about whether any additional materials existed. (*Id.* at ¶ 10.) On July 12 or 13, 2017, counsel spoke with Kahn, who stated that she was not aware of any materials related to Panah's case and did not remember the details of the memorandum she prepared. (*Id.*)

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#### IV. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, Mr. Panah respectfully requests that this Court issue an order granting disclosure and examination of the discovery rested herein and set for the in the proposed order filed herewith.

HILARY POTASHNER Federal Public Defender

DATED: January 12, 2018

By:

JOSEPH A. TRIGHTO SUSEL CARRILLO-ORELLANA Deputy Federal Public Defenders

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

I, De Anna Dove, declare that I am a resident or employed in Los Angeles County, California; that my business address is the Office of the Federal Public Defender, 321 East 2nd Street, Los Angeles, California 90012-4202, Telephone No. (213) 894-2854; that I am over the age of eighteen years; that I am not a party to the action entitled above; that I am employed by the Federal Public Defender for the Central District of California, who is a member of the Bar of the State of California, and at whose direction I served a copy of the attached Notice of Motion and Second Supplemental Motion for Post-conviction Discovery Pursuant to Penal Code Section 1054.9; Exhibits; [Proposed] Order on the following individual(s) by: ] Faxing

[ ] Placing [ ] Placing [X] Placing same in a sealed same in an envelope same in a sealed same via facsimile envelope for machine addressed as for hand delivery envelope for addressed as follows: collection and follows: collection and mailing via the United States Post interoffice delivery addressed as follows: Office addressed as follows:

Hooman Ashkan Panah, CDC# J-55600, 2E-B-87 Ana Duarte San Quentin State Prison Office of the Attorney General San Quentin, CA 94974 300 South Spring St. Los Angeles, CA 90013 Ian Phan

Discovery Compliance Unit 210 W. Temple Street Carlos DeLaGuerra Managing Assistant City Attorney Los Angeles City Attorney's Office 800 City Hall East Ste 18000 Los Angeles, CA 90012 200 N. Main Street LA CA 90012

LAPD Discovery Unit 201 N. Los Angeles Street Space #301 Los Angeles, CA 90012

This proof of service is executed at Los Angeles, California, on January 12, 2018. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

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